



## Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019

### Signals and Systems

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

**Note:** Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

#### Module-1

1. a. Find the odd part and even part of the signal given in Fig.Q1(a). (08 Marks)

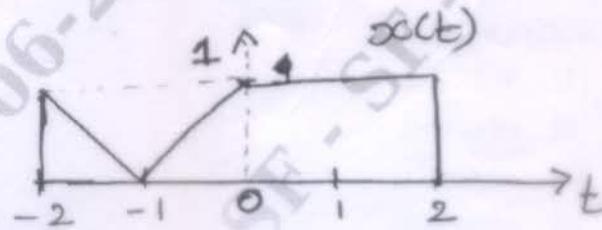


Fig.Q1(a)

- b. Find  $4x(-3n + 4)$ , if  $x(n)$  is as shown in Fig.Q1(b). (04 Marks)

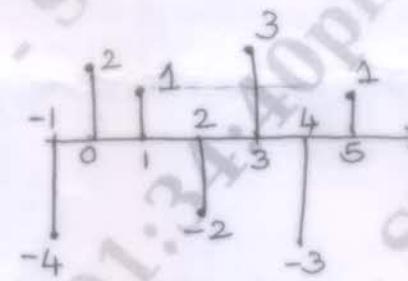


Fig.Q1(b)

- c. Find whether the signal is causal, linear, time variant and static for all values of 'n'.  
 $y(n) = x(-3n)$ . (04 Marks)

**OR**

2. a. Find whether the given signal is periodic and if periodic, determine the period :

$$x(t) = a \cos(\sqrt{2}t) + b \sin\left(\frac{t}{4}\right). \quad (04 \text{ Marks})$$

- b. Sketch the following signal  $x(t) = r(t+1) - r(t-1) + 2r(-3)$ . (05 Marks)

- c. Find  $y(-t-2) \cdot x\left(\frac{t}{2}+1\right)$  if  $y(t)$  and  $x(t)$  are as shown in FigQ2(c). (07 Marks)

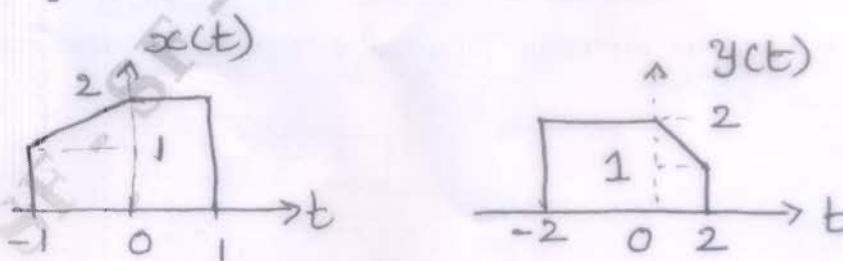


Fig.Q2(c)

Module-2

- 3 a. Make use of graphical method to perform the convolution of two signals  $x_1(n)$  and  $x_2(n)$

$$x_1(n) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1, \\ \uparrow \\ 2, \\ 3, \\ 4 \end{array} \right\}$$

given :

$$x_2(n) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -2, \\ \uparrow \\ 0, \\ 2 \end{array} \right\}$$

(08 Marks)

- b. Find  $x_1(t) * x_2(t)$  if

$$x_1(t) = \begin{cases} e^{-t}; & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x_2(t) = \begin{cases} 2; & 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(08 Marks)

**OR**

- 4 a. Find  $x_1(t) * x_2(t)$  if

$$x_1(t) = \begin{cases} 1; & 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x_2(t) = \begin{cases} t; & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(08 Marks)

- b. Find the convolution of  $x_1(n)$  and  $x_2(n)$  if  $x_1(n) = a^n u(n)$   $x_2(n) = b^n u(-n)$ .

(08 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Define the following properties of DTFS :

i) Convolution ii) Periodicity iii) Linearity

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the complex exponential Fourier series for the periodic rectangular pulse train shown in Fig.Q5(b).

(10 Marks)

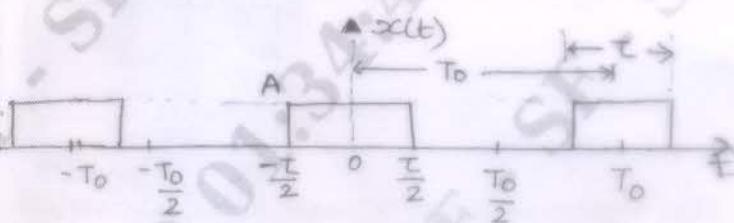


Fig.Q5(b)

**OR**

- 6 a. Find the DTFS coefficients of the signal shown in Fig.Q6(a).

(10 Marks)



Fig.Q6(a)

- b. Find an expression for impulse response of interconnection of LTI systems shown in Fig. Q6(b).

(06 Marks)

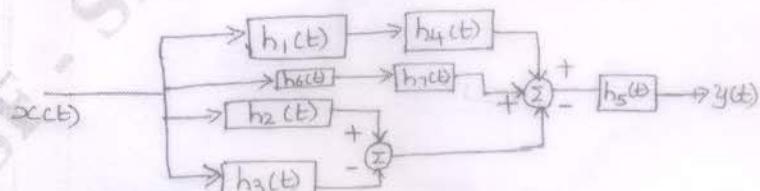


Fig.Q6(b)

**Module-4**

- 7 a. Construct the Fourier transform of rectangular pulse shown in Fig 7(a). Also obtain and plot magnitude and phase responses. (08 Marks)

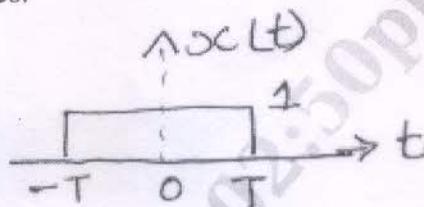


Fig.Q7(a)

- b. Define and prove the following properties of DTFT i) frequency shift ii) time reversal. (08 Marks)

**OR**

- 8 a. Explain sampling theorem and the concept of aliasing. (04 Marks)  
 b. Find DTFT of the signal,  $x(n) = -a^n u(-n-1)$ . (04 Marks)  
 c. Find Fourier transform of the following signals.  
 i)  $x(t) = e^{-a|t|}$     ii)  $x(t) = e^{at} u(-t)$ . (08 Marks)

**Module-5**

- 9 a. Explain the properties of RoC. (06 Marks)  
 b. The system function of the LTI is given as  $H(z) = \frac{3-4z^{-1}}{1-3.5z^{-1}+1.5z^{-2}}$ . Specify the RoC of  $H(z)$  and determine the unit sample response  $h(n)$  for the following conditions :  
 i) Stable system  
 ii) Causal system  
 iii) Anticausal system. Also determine poles and zeroes of  $H(z)$ . (10 Marks)

**OR**

- 10 a. Find Z-transform of  $x(n) = nu(n-1)$ . (06 Marks)  
 b. Find inverse z-transform if  $X(z) = \frac{z}{(z^2 + z + 0.5)(z-1)}$ . (10 Marks)

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